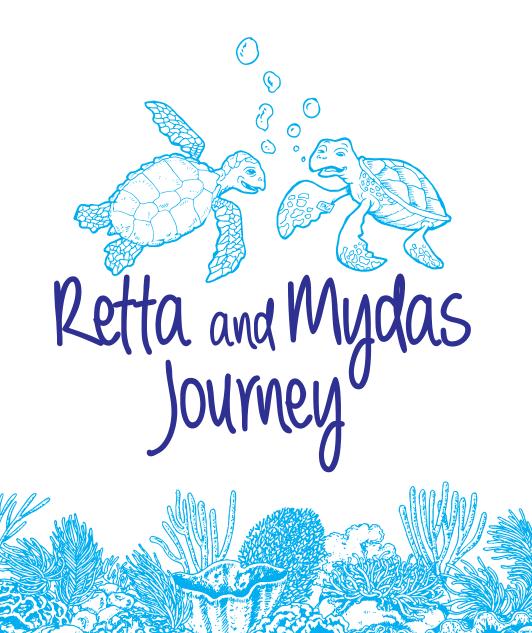
# SPA/RAC

THE MEDITERRANEAN BIODIVERSITY CENTRE OF UNEP/MAP





### **RETTA AND MYDAS JOURNEY**

# ≈ 3 ≈

## SEA TURTLE LIFE CYCLE

≈ 15 ≈

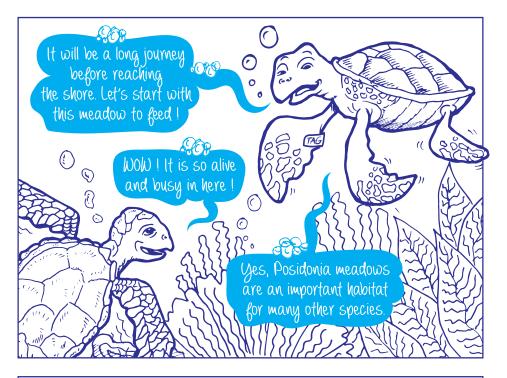
species sheets ≈ 16 ≈

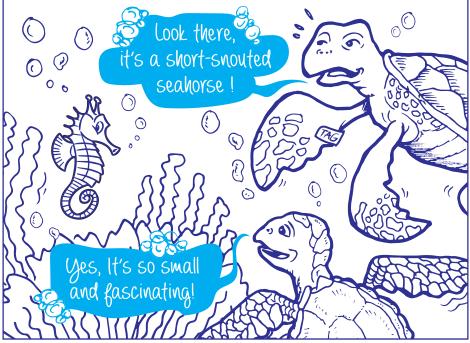
LIST OF ENDANGERED OR THREATENED SPECIES IN THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA

Annex II of the Barcelona Convention SPA/BD Protocol, as amended by COP20 (Decision, IG.23/10)

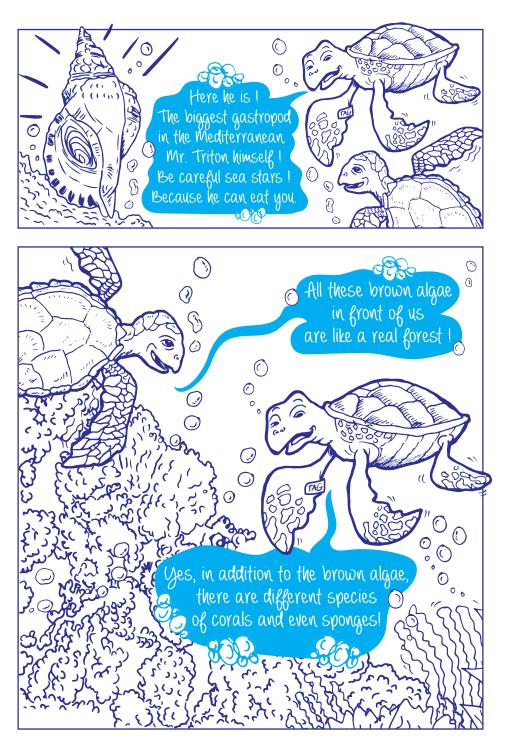


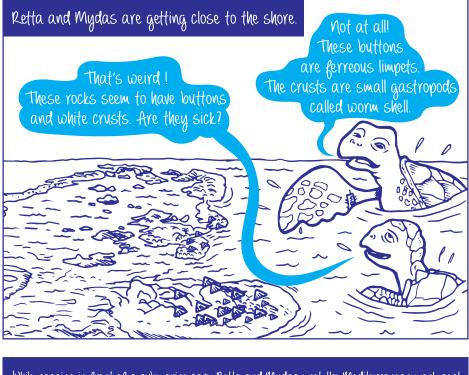




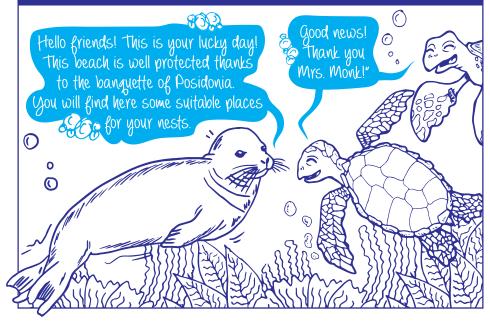


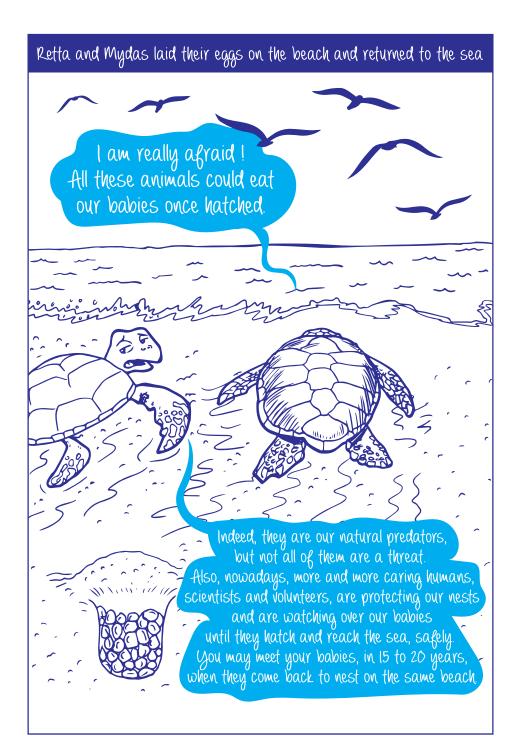


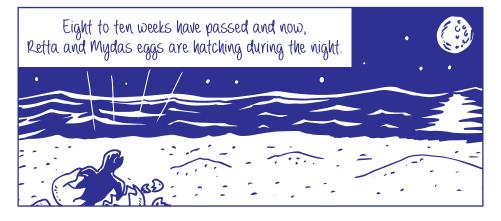




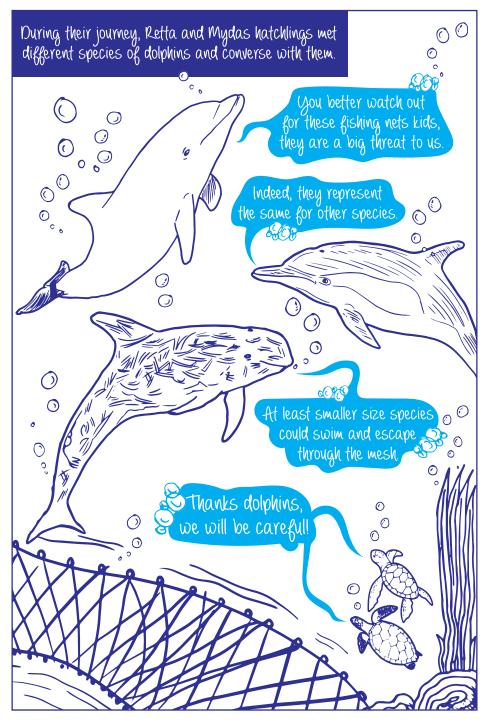
While passing in front of a submarine cave, Retta and Mydas meet the Mediterranean monk seal.

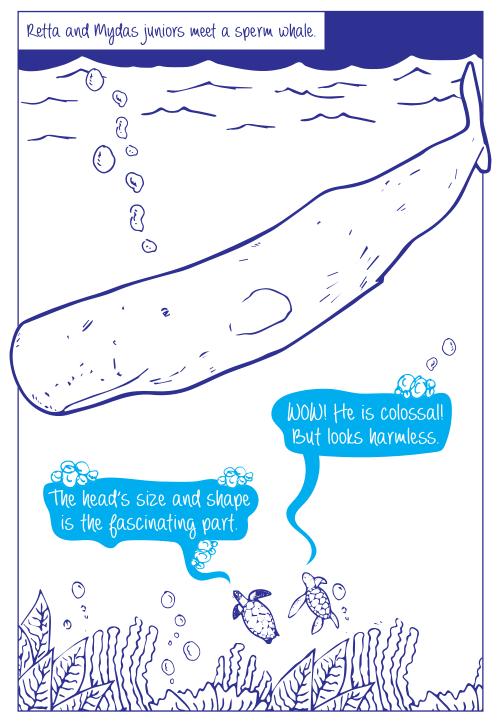


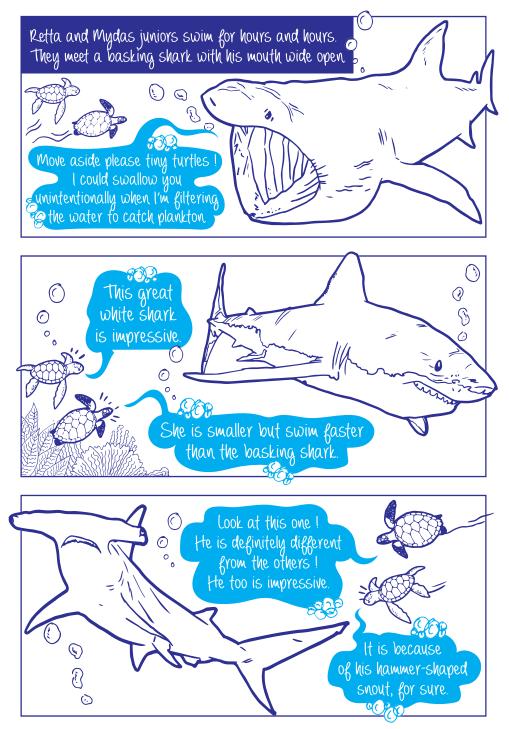




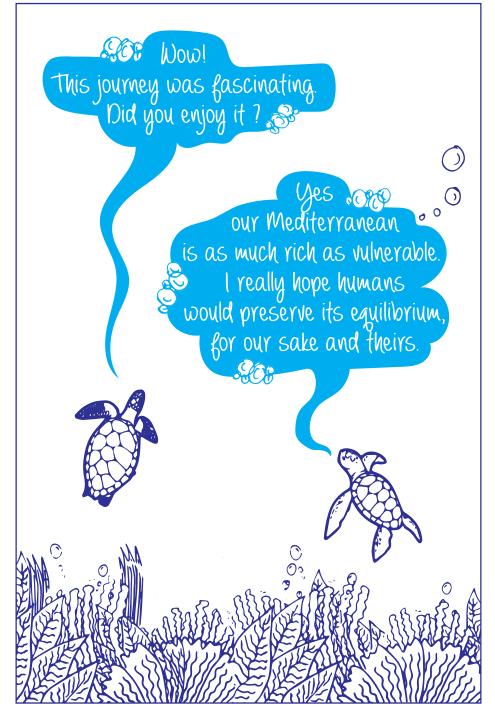




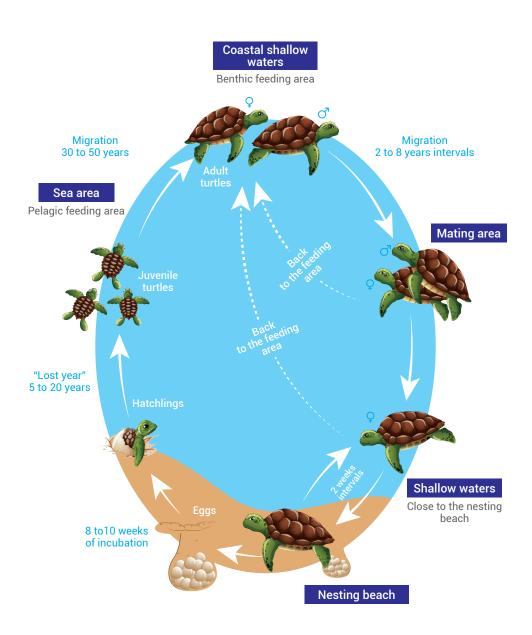








# SEA TURTLE LIFE CYCLE



Genus & species	Caretta caretta	
Common name	Loggerhead turtle	SPANRAG, Artescienza
Family	Cheloniidae	
Habitat	Marine neritic, oceanic, intertidal	
Diet	Hatchlings are omnivores, eating both plant and animal material. Adults are carnivores, eating crustacean, fish, molluscs and jellyfish	
Specificities	A marine reptile, lung breath Can hold breath up to 4 hou Can live up to 50 years Can grow up to 90 cm and 1 Temperature determines the Nests every year in the Med	rs 20 kg e baby turtle's sex
Threats	Predation, pollution, bycatch	, global warming, coastal development, illegal trade
Genus & species	Chelonia mydas	en e
Common name	Green turtle	teres stock k
Family	Cheloniidae	ris / Shuth
Habitat	Marine neritic, oceanic, intertidal	B worldswildlifeworders / Shutterstock.com
 Diet	Small invertebrates	

### Genus & species Chelonia mydas

Common name	Green turtle	
Family	Cheloniidae	
Habitat	Marine neritic, oceanic, intertidal	
Diet	Small invertebrates, fish eggs and larvae, jellyfish in the juvenile stage and marine algae in the adult stage	
Specificities	Can grow up to 110 cm and 1 Can hold its breath up to 3 ho Temperature determines the	burs
Threats	Predation, pollution, bycatch,	boat strikes, coastal development



Genus & species	Posidonia oceanica
Common name	Mediterranean seagrass
Family	Posidoniaceae
Habitat	Sandy and rocky bottoms
Specificities	A marine plant producing flowers and fruits Leaves from 20 to 100 cm length and 1 cm large Constitutes a habitat for many species (invertebrates and vertebrates) Produces between 14 and 20 l of oxygen per m <sup>2</sup> Very slow growth (3 to 6 cm/year)
Threats	Pollution, construction of coastal infrastructure, fish-farming, trawling, mooring, invasive species



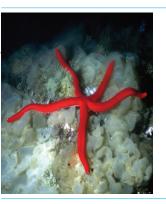
Genus & species	Cymodocea nodosa
Common name	Neptune seagrass
Family	Cymodoceaceae
Habitat	Sandy bottoms
Specificities	Leaves up to 40 cm length and 3 to 4 mm large A marine plant producing flowers and fruits Constitutes a shelter for many species
Threats	Pollution, eutrophication, construction of coastal infrastructure, fish-farming, invasive species



Genus & species	Hippocampus hippocampus
Common name	Short-snouted seahorse
Family	Syngnathidae
Habitat	Posidonia oceanica meadows
Diet	Zooplankton, fish larvae and crustaceans
Specificities	A very rare and a maximum 15 cm length fish Lives from 3 to 5 years The female deposits eggs into the male brood pouch
Threats	Habitat (seagrass beds) destruction, fishing for aquarium trade, climate change



a start and	Genus & species	Pinna nobilis
and the second second	Common name	Mediterranean noble pen shell
and the second of the	Family	Pinnidae
A Martin	Habitat	The biggest marine bivalve mollusc in the Mediterranean, reaching 1-meter length
	Diet	A water filter feeder
	Specificities	The anterior third of the shell is buried or glued by byssus threads in the substratum (maërl, sand, hard substratum, or rhizomes of <i>Posidonia oceanica</i> ) The current direction and speed affect the shell orientation to improve food availability Constitutes a habitat for many species (epibiont and commensal, up to 146 species recorded) Its main predator is the common octopus
	Threats	Climate change, invasive species, contaminants, habitat loss, boat anchoring High recent mortality since 2016 up today, due to a bacterial infection



Genus & species	Ophidiaster ophidianus
Common name	Purple sea star
Family	Ophidiasteridae
Habitat	Rocks or in <i>Posidonia oceanica</i> meadows
Diet	Small invertebrates, crustacean or molluscs
Specificities	20 cm to 40 cm diameter Thermophilic sea star Can have variable colours: purple, orange or red sometimes with darker purple patches Have 5 arms including short respiratory papillae arranged in lines
Threats	Recreational activities, habitat loss, pollution



Genus & species	Pinna rudis
Common name	Rough pen shell
Family	Pinnidae
Habitat	Can reach 40 cm length, external part of the shell is decorated by large scales
Diet	Water filter feeder
Specificities	Is a very rare bivalve in the Mediterranean Hosts many species (epibiont and commensal) The anterior part of the shell is buried or glued by byssus threads in the substratum (sand or hard substratum)
Threats	Climate change, invasive species, contaminants, habitat loss, boat anchoring



Genus & species	Charonia lampas
Common name	Triton
Family	Ranellidae
Habitat	Rocky bottoms and <i>Posidonia oceanica</i> meadows
Diet	Carnivorous, mainly on sea urchins, sea cucumbers and starfish
Specificities	Is a rare species The biggest gastropod in the Mediterranean, it can grow up to 40 cm long
Threats	Human and natural predation





Genus & species	Astroides calycularis
Common name	Star coral
Family	Dendrophylliidae
Habitat	The shadow of the rocky sides
Diet	Filters water to feed on planktonic preys and detritus
Specificities	Is a cnidarian who lives in colonies fixed in the shadow sides of the rock, but totally independent 2 cm maximum diameter, with 30 tentacles allowing to catch very small planktonic preys Lives up to 70 meters depth
Threats	Pollution, climate change



Genus & species	Cladocora caespitosa
Common name	Mediterranean pillow coral
Family	Caryophylliidae
Habitat	Rocky bottoms
Diet	Feeds on filtering water to catch plankton
Specificities	Is a colonial cnidarian with a spherical form growing up to 50 cm diameter Depth, luminosity and currents can shape it differently Can be encountered up to 40 meters depth Is a long-lived species (up to 30 years) Can hide worms in its structure
Threats	Industrial and sewage discharges, trawling and other fishing activities, coastal development, recreational activities, increasing sea water temperature



Genus & species	Patella ferruginea
Common name	Giant Mediterranean limpet
Family	Patellidae
Habitat	Rocky intertidal zones Can support strong waves, long-time dehydration, but it needs a very clear water
Diet	Moves slowly to feed on micro algae
Specificities	Is an endemic gastropod Can reach 12 cm diameter Can live up to 30 years Thanks to conservation efforts and research, there are successful translocation cases in the Mediterranean
Threats	Recreational activities (collecting), pollution, the use as a bait for recreational fishing, habitat destruction



Genus & species	Dendropoma cristatum	
Common name	Worm shell	
Family	Vermetidae	
Habitat	Rocky intertidal zones	
Diet	Filters water feeding animal	
Specificities	Is a very small gastropod (4 mm) living bonded with other species to form pavements or circular reefs Can help protecting shorelines and rocks from erosion, helps increasing biodiversity	
Threats	Recreational activities, walking through, pollution	

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Genus & species	Monachus monachus	
Common name	Mediterranean monk seal	
Family	Phocidae	
Habitat	Inhabits inaccessible marine caves with underwater entrances	
Diet	Feeds on cephalopods, fish and crustacean	
Specificities	A marine mammal that can reach 2.8 meters length and 250 to 300 kg weight Can live up to 11 years Only 600 to 700 individuals left in the world, mostly adults (350 to 450) The Mediterranean Monk Seal is the most endangered pinniped species in the world	
Threats	Deliberate killing, harvesting fishing resources, pollution, coastal development	



Genus & species	Falco eleonorae	
Common name	Eleonora's Falcon	
Family	Falconidae	
Diet	Feeds on insects, smaller birds, small mammals (bats) or reptiles (lizards, turtles and snakes)	
Specificities	Adults can have two colours, dark (all brown) and bright (dark grey and clearer in the wings) Weighs from 350 to 450 gr Wingspan is 0.90-10.2 metres - Can live up to 6 years	
Threats	Predation by cats and rats; human disturbance in colonies; habitat degradation; taking of eggs and young; hunting; and accidental poisoning from pest control methods	

© Tone Trebar / Shutterstock.com



Common name	Audouin's gull	
Family	Laridae	
Diet	Feeds on epipelagic fish, invertebrates or reptiles	
Specificities	Adults are white-headed and bodied, with a pale grey mantle upper wings, red beak Weighs from 450 to 770 gr - Wingspan is 1.25 to 1.38 metres	
Threats	Hunting, recreational disturbance, predation of eggs, bycatch, pollution	
Genus & species	Phalacrocorax aristotelis ssp. desmarestii	
Common name	European shag	
Family	Phalacrocoracidae	
Diet	Foods on pologic fish, crustaneons and molluses	

Diet	Feeds on pelagic fish, crustaceans and molluscs	
Specificities	Adults are dark colours with a long yellowish hooked beak Weighs from 1.4 to 2.3 kg - Wingspan is 0.95-1.10 metres Can dive deep into 40 meters when necessary	
Threats	Human disturbance, oil pollution, habitat loss, bycatch	



Genus & species Pandion haliaetus

Common name	Osprey	
Family	Pandionidae	
Diet	High level predator	
Specificities	Dark brown line colours through the eye and on the side of the face, hooked beak Weighs 1.5 to 2.0 kg - Wingspan is 1.6 metres Powerful sharp talons and a hooked beak for handling their prey Able to dive into the water from a height of up to 40 metres	
Threats	Habitat destruction and disturbance at breeding sites related to tourism. Mortality also occurs from illegal poaching and electrocution	

Genus & species	Tursiops truncatus	week and the second
Common name	Bottelnose dolphin	tter stock
Family	Delphinidae	R. Maximiliane / Shutterstock.com
Habitat	Oceanic	Haximi
Diet	Feeds on fish, squid and crustacean, up to 5 to 8 kg per day	
Specificities	into a lighter grey on both side 30 years - Swims at a velocit - Has an internal sonar, echo	each 3 meters long, dark grey on the upper part of its body, fading es of its body black or grey back - Very social animal - Can live up to y reaching 25 knots - Can dive into 200 meters depth during 15 min gives a very precise idea of the environment - 12 months pregnancy r (12-18 months), and stay with their mothers for up to three years d other important tasks
Threats	Bycatch, recreational activities	s, pollution, captivity, climate change
Genus & species	Delphinus delphis	
Common name	Common dolphin	
Family	Delphinidae	
Habitat	Oceanic	kow/ s
Diet	Feeds on pelagic fish, sardines, anchovy and cephalopods	<ul> <li>Stergey Ulyadnikov / Shutter stock com</li> </ul>
Specificities	and with white or cream under depth during 15 min - The Me	each 2.5 meters long, a colourful dolphin species with a black back rside - Average lifespan is around 20 years - Can dive into 300 meters editerranean sub-population have suffered a steep decline in recent nancy, breastfeeding of calves until their 15 to 18 months
Threats		atch), recreational activities, pollution, captivity,
Genus & species	Grampus griseus	65 8
Common name	Risso's dolphin	astock
Family	Delphinidae	(Selection of the selection of the selec
Habitat	Continental slope and deep oceanic waters	
Diet	Feeds predominantly during the night, on squid and cuttlefish and more rarely on fish	Wild and free natureshold / Shifterstock.com
Specificities	colour - Calves are light grey	an live up to 40 years - The body is massive and powerful - Dark grey and darken with time - The body is covered progressively with linear I interactions, lasting several years - Eventually, the whole body turns
Threats	Interaction with fisheries (byc	atch), anthropogenic noise, collision, pollution, contamination



Genus & species	Physeter macrocephalus	Common name	Sperm whale
Family	Physeteridae	Habitat	Neritic, oceanic
Diet	Small pelagic crustaceans ("Krill", mostly <i>Meganyctiphanes norvegica</i> in the Mediterranean) and sometimes small pelagic fishes		
Specificities	A marine mammal that can reach 18 meters long, dark grey colour Relatively sociable Longevity: 60-75, up to 100 years Swimming speed: The fastest whale after the Sei whale, 5 to 10 kt (9-18 km/h), but capable of reaching 20 kt (35 km/h) Dives : On average, 10 min (but can stay down up to 30 min), with dives reaching 2,500 m 13 to 14 months pregnancy, breastfeeding of calves		
Threats	s Pollution, bycatch, recreational activities, unregulated whale watching activity, climate change, ship strike		le watching activity,

Genus & species	Cetorhinus maximus	room
Common name	Basking shark	contract of the second s
Family	Cetorhinidae	© Banon Carretero / Shutterstock com
Habitat	Oceanic	
Diet	Feeds on planktons, but occasionally on small pelagic fish	eRan
Specificities	A large, stocky, light brown s and a short, conical snout th Can filter up to 2000 litres p Can live between 7 and 16 y Ovoviviparous, with a gestat	nat bears small teeth, can reach 15 meters long er hour ears
Threats	Bycatch, recreational and sp	port fishing activities, habitat degradation, pollution
Genus & species	Carcharodon carcharias	ak com
Common name	Great white shark	Interest of the second s
Family	Lamnidae	kaz/ Si
Habitat	Oceanic	© Martin Prodhazkacz / Shutterstock.com
Diet	Carnivorous, high level predator, feeds on fish, elasmobranches, small marine mammals	© Martii
Specificities	Can live between 23 and 60	iters long, with 5 gill slits at each side of the head years tional period of 12 to 14 months, giving 2 to 10 juveniles
Threats	Pollution, bycatch, recreatio	
Genus & species	Sphyrna mokarran	and the second secon
Common name	Great hammerhead shark	
Family	Sphyrnidae	k com
Habitat	Oceanic	
Diet	Feeds on rays and other shark species, small bony fishes, but also crustaceans and cephalopods.	© HakBak / Shutterstock.com
Specificities	A shark that can reach 6 me Ovoviviparous, a gestationa	ters long I period from 9 to 12 months, giving 6 to 42 juveniles
Threats	Illegal upreported and upre	gulated (IUU) fishing, bycatch, recreational

Genus & species	Rhinobatos rhinobatos	E
Common name	Common guitarfish	stock o
Family	Rhinobatidae	hurtes
Habitat	Benthic, living over sandy, muddy, shell and occasionally macro-algal covered substrates	Banan Wittonyak / Shutter stock.com
Diet	Feeds on planktons	Q. ⊕
Specificities		derside, with elongated body, d wings, distinctive of guitarfish - Ovoviviparous
Threats		rries, Fishing by bottom trawl, bycatch, g activities, habitat degradation, pollution
Genus & species	Squatina squatina	Ingue
Common name	Angel shark	
Family	Squatinidae	
Habitat	Oceanic	
Diet	Feeds on flatfishes, skates, crustaceans, molluscs	
Specificities		neters long - Ovoviviparous, no yolk sac placenta s gestation (born in Dec-Feb in the Mediterranean), every 2 years
Threats		gulated (IUU) fishing, bycatch, g activities, habitat degradation, pollution
Genus & species	Mobula mobular	¢côm
Common name	Devil ray	utterstoci
Family	Myliobatidae	© Stuama Martins / Shutterstock.com
Habitat	Oceanic	et al a series a s
Diet	Feeds on plankton, small crustaceans and small fish	35 •
Specificities	A rare ray that can reach 5 n The head is large and can be	neters large e distinguished from the body - Ovoviviparous
Threats	Illegal, Unreported and Unre	gulated (IUU) fishing, bycatch,







Genus & species	Asterina pancerii	
Common name	Seagrass asterina	
Family	Asterinidae	
Habitat	The Posidonia oceanica meadows	
Diet	Feeds from small invertebrates	
Specificities	Broods its eggs and baby sea stars Is endemic and rare in the Mediterranean Is a very small sea star (3 cm maximum length)	
Threats	Habitat loss, boat anchoring, pollution	

Genus & species	Cystoseira spp.
Common name	Cystoseira seagrass
Family	Sargassaceae
Habitat	Rocky bottoms and sides Needs a very transparent water to live
Specificities	Is a brown algae offering a high cover to rocky sides, forming belts and canopies up to 40 meters depth Can help protecting from erosion Hosts crustacean and other species, and plays an important role in juvenile fish recruitment
Threats	Anchoring, pollution, high sedimentation, overgrazing by sea urchins



Genus & species Axinella polypoides

Common name	Yellow antlers sponge
Family	Axinellidae
Habitat	The shadow of the rocky sides
Diet	Filters water to feed on planktonic preys and detritus
Specificities	Is a rare sponge that can be encountered from 10 to 100 meters depth - Lives fixed in the shadows - Can reach 60 cm length - Looks like a tree but currents can shape its form
Threats	Collecting through recreational activities



Genus & species	Calonectris diomedea
Common name	Scopoli's shearwater
Family	Procellariidae
Diet	Feeds on pelagic crustaceans and fish like sardines
Specificities	Adults have yellow beak with dark curved tip and back grey-brownish belly Weighs from 700 to 800 gr - Wingspan is 1 to 1.25 metres Can live up to 32 years
Threats	Introduced mammals, such as <i>Rattus</i> sp.,illegal hunting; taking of eggs and/or chicks; bycatch (longlines); anthropogenic development close to colonies and disturbance, oil spills and chemical pollution of the sea

# LIST OF ENDANGERED OR THREATENED SPECIES IN THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA

#### Annex II of the Barcelona Convention SPA/BD Protocol, as amended by COP20 (Decision, IG.23/10)

#### MAGNOLIOPHYTA

*Cymodocea nodosa* (Ucria) Ascherson *Posidonia oceanica* (Linnaeus) Delile *Zostera marina* Linnaeus *Zostera noltii* Hornemann

### **CHLOROPHYTA**

Caulerpa ollivieri Dostál

### **HETEROKONTOPHYTA**

Cystoseira genus (except Cystoseira compressa) Fucus virsoides J. Agardh Laminaria rodriguezii Bornet Sargassum acinarium (Linnaeus) Setchell Sargassum flavifolium Kützing Sargassum hornschuchii C. Agardh Sargassum trichocarpum J. Agardh

### RHODOPHYTA

Gymnogongrus crenulatus (Turner) J. Agardh Lithophyllum byssoides (Lamarck) Foslie (Synon. Lithophyllum lichenoides) Ptilophora mediterranea (H. Huvé) R.E. Norris Schimmelmannia schousboei (J. Agardh) J. Agardh Sphaerococcus rhizophylloides J.J. Rodríguez Tenarea tortuosa (Esper) Lemoine Titanoderma ramosissimum (Heydrich) Bressan & Cabioch (Synon. Goniolithon byssoides) Titanoderma trochanter (Bory) Benhissoune et al.

### PORIFERA

Aplysina sp. plur. Asbestopluma hypogea (Vacelet & Boury-Esnault, 1995) Axinella cannabina (Esper, 1794) Axinella polypoides (Schmidt, 1862) Geodia hydronium (Jameson, 1811) Petrobiona massiliana (Vacelet & Lévi, 1958) Sarcotragus foetidus (Schmidt, 1862) (synon. Ircina foetida) Sarcotragus pipetta (Schmidt, 1868) (synon. Ircinia pipetta) Tethya sp. plur.

### BRYOZOA

Hornera lichenoides (Linnaeus, 1758)

#### **CNIDARIA**

Antipathella subpinnata (Ellis & Solander, 1786) Antipathes dichotoma (Pallas, 1766) Antipathes fragilis (Gravier, 1918) Astroides calycularis (Pallas, 1766) Callogorgia verticillata (Pallas, 1766) Cladocora caespitosa (Linnaeus, 1767) Cladocora debilis (Milne Edwards & Haime, 1849) Dendrophyllia cornigera (Lamarck, 1816) Dendrophyllia ramea (Linnaeus, 1758) Desmophyllum dianthus (Esper, 1794) Ellisella paraplexauroides (Stiasny, 1936) Errina aspera (Linnaeus, 1767) Isidella elongata (Esper, 1788) Leiopathes glaberrima (Esper, 1792) Lophelia pertusa (Linnaeus, 1758) Madrepora oculata (Linnaeus, 1758) Parantipathes larix (Esper, 1790) Savalia savaglia Nardo, 1844 (synon. Gerardia savaglia)

### **MOLLUSCA**

Charonia lampas (Linnaeus, 1758) (= Ch. Rubicunda = Ch. Nodifera) Charonia tritonis variegata (Lamarck, 1816) (= Ch. Sequenziae) Dendropoma petraeum (Monterosato, 1884) Erosaria spurca (Linnaeus, 1758) Gibbula nivosa (Adams, 1851) Lithophaga lithophaga (Linnaeus, 1758) Luria lurida (Linnaeus, 1758) (= Cypraea lurida) Mitra zonata (Marryat, 1818) Patella ferruginea (Gmelin, 1791) Patella nigra (Da Costa, 1771) Pholas dactylus (Linnaeus, 1758) Pinna nobilis (Linnaeus, 1758) Pinna rudis (= P. pernula) (Linnaeus, 1758) Ranella olearia (Linnaeus, 1758) Schilderia achatidea (Gray in G.B. Sowerby II, 1837) Tonna galea (Linnaeus, 1758) Zonaria pyrum (Gmelin, 1791)

#### **CRUSTACEA**

*Ocypode cursor* (Linnaeus, 1758) *Pachylasma giganteum* (Philippi, 1836)

### **ECHINODERMATA**

Asterina pancerii (Gasco, 1870) Centrostephanus longispinus (Philippi, 1845) Ophidiaster ophidianus (Lamarck, 1816)

## LIST OF ENDANGERED OR THREATENED SPECIES IN THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA

Annex II of the Barcelona Convention SPA/BD Protocol, as amended by COP20 (Decision, IG.23/10)

### **PISCES**

Acipenser naccarii (Bonaparte, 1836) Acipenser sturio (Linnaeus, 1758) Aphanius fasciatus (Valenciennes, 1821) Aphanius iberus (Valenciennes, 1846) Carcharias taurus (Rafinesque, 1810) Carcharodon carcharias (Linnaeus, 1758) Cetorhinus maximus (Gunnerus, 1765) Dipturus batis (Linnaeus, 1758) Galeorhinus galeus (Linnaeus, 1758) Gymnura altavela (Linnaeus, 1758) Hippocampus quttulatus (Cuvier, 1829) (synon. Hippocampus ramulosus) Hippocampus hippocampus (Linnaeus, 1758) Huso huso (Linnaeus, 1758) Isurus oxyrinchus (Rafinesque, 1810) Lamna nasus (Bonnaterre, 1788) Lethenteron zanandreai (Vladykov, 1955) Leucoraja circularis (Couch, 1838) Leucoraja melitensis (Clark, 1926) Mobula mobular (Bonnaterre, 1788) Odontaspis ferox (Risso, 1810) Oxynotus centrina (Linnaeus, 1758) Pomatoschistus canestrini (Ninni, 1883) Pomatoschistus tortonesei (Miller, 1969) Pristis pectinata (Latham, 1794) Pristis pristis (Linnaeus, 1758) Rhinobatos cemiculus (E. Geoffroy Saint-Hilaire, 1817) Rhinobatos rhinobatos (Linnaeus, 1758) Rostroraja alba (Lacépède, 1803) Sphyrna lewini (Griffith & Smith, 1834) Sphyrna mokarran (Rüppell, 1837) Sphyrna zygaena (Linnaeus, 1758) Squatina aculeata (Dumeril, in Cuvier, 1817) Squatina oculata (Bonaparte, 1840) Squatina squatina (Linnaeus, 1758) Valencia hispanica (Valenciennes, 1846) Valencia letourneuxi (Sauvage, 1880)

### REPTILES

Caretta caretta (Linnaeus, 1758) Chelonia mydas (Linnaeus, 1758) Dermochelys coriacea (Vandelli, 1761) Eretmochelys imbricata (Linnaeus, 1766) Lepidochelys kempii (Garman, 1880) Trionyx triunguis (Forskål, 1775)

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Calonectris diomedea (Scopoli, 1769) Ceryle rudis (Linnaeus, 1758) Charadrius alexandrinus (Linnaeus, 1758) Charadrius leschenaultii columbinus (Lesson, 1826) Falco eleonorae (Géné, 1834) Gelochelidon nilotica (Gmelin, JF, 1789) Halcyon smyrnensis (Linnaeus, 1758) Hydrobates pelagicus ssp. melitensis (Schem- bri, 1843) Hydroprogne caspia (Pallas, 1770) Larus armenicus (Buturlin, 1934) Larus audouinii (Payraudeau, 1826) Larus genei (Breme, 1839) Larus melanocephalus (Temminck, 1820) Microcarbo pygmaeus (Pallas, 1773) Numenius tenuirostris (Viellot, 1817) Pandion haliaetus (Linnaeus, 1758) Pelecanus crispus (Bruch, 1832) Pelecanus onocrotalus (Linnaeus, 1758) Phalacrocorax aristotelis ssp. desmarestii (Payraudeau, 1826) Phoenicopterus roseus (Pallas, 1811) Puffinus mauretanicus (Lowe, PR, 1921) Puffinus yelkouan (Brünnich, 1764) Sternula albifrons (Pallas, 1764) Thalasseus bengalensis (Lesson, 1831) Thalasseus sandvicensis (Latham, 1878)

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Balaenoptera acutorostrata (Lacépède, 1804) Balaenoptera borealis (Lesson, 1828) Balaenoptera physalus (Linnaeus, 1758) Delphinus delphis (Linnaeus, 1758) Eubalaena glacialis (Müller, 1776) Globicephala melas (Trail, 1809) Grampus griseus (Cuvier G., 1812) Kogia simus (Owen, 1866) Megaptera novaeangliae (Borowski, 1781) Mesoplodon densirostris (de Blainville, 1817) Monachus monachus (Hermann, 1779) Orcinus orca (Linnaeus, 1758) Phocoena phocoena (Linnaeus, 1758) Physeter macrocephalus (Linnaeus, 1758) Pseudorca crassidens (Owen, 1846) Stenella coeruleoalba (Meven, 1833) Steno bredanensis (Cuvier in Lesson, 1828) Tursiops truncatus (Montagu, 1821) Ziphius cavirostris (Cuvier G., 1832)

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